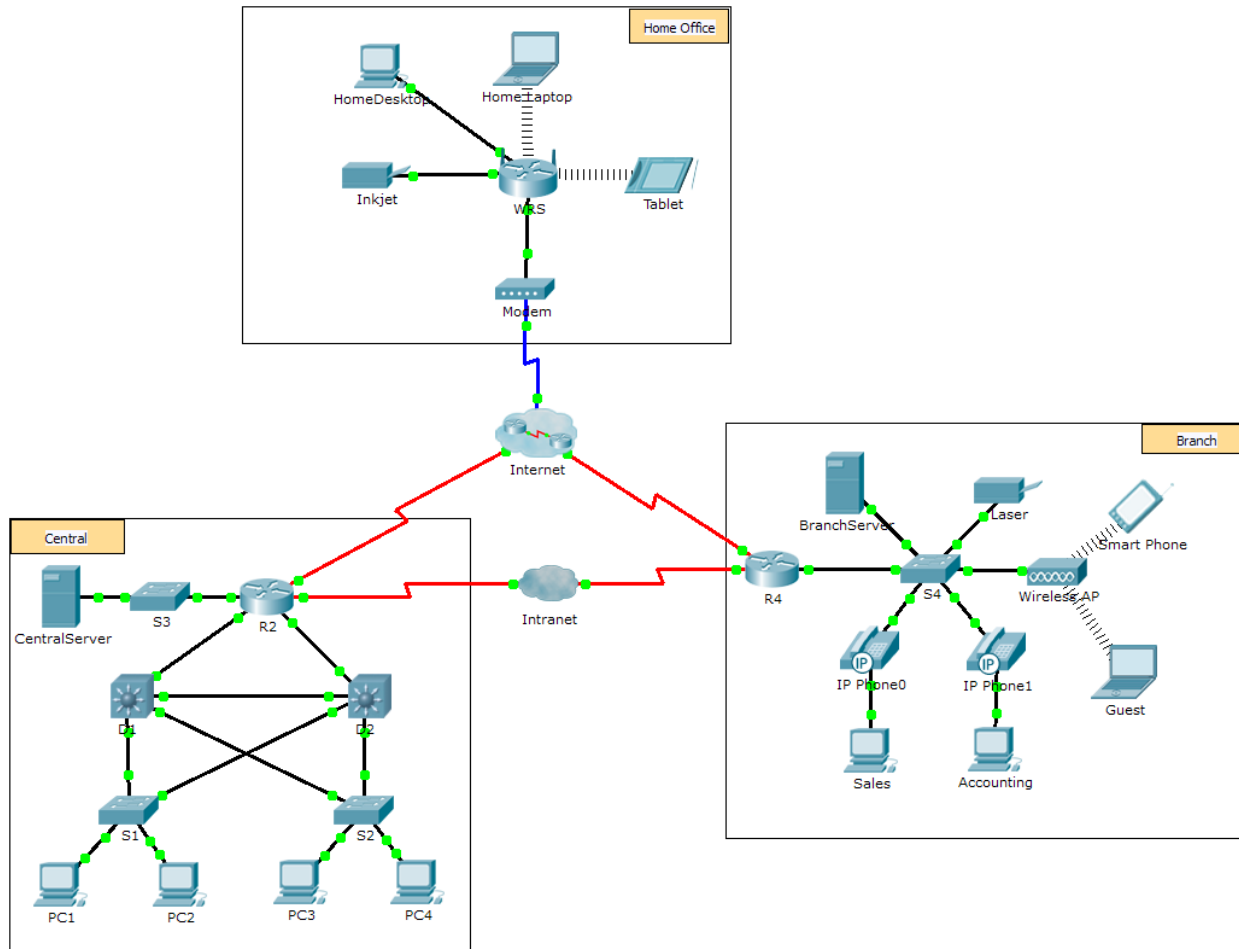


Packet Tracer – Investigating NAT Operation

Topology



Objectives

Part 1: Investigate NAT Operation Across the Intranet

Part 2: Investigate NAT Operation Across the Internet

Part 3: Conduct Further Investigations

Scenario

As a frame travels across a network, the MAC addresses may change. IP addresses can also change when a packet is forwarded by a device configured with NAT. In this activity, we will investigate what happens to IP addresses during the NAT process.

Part 1: Investigate NAT Operation Across the Intranet

Step 1: Wait for the network to converge.

It might take a few minutes for everything in the network to converge. You can speed the process up by clicking on Fast Forward Time.

Step 2: Generate an HTTP request from any PC in the Central domain.

- Open the Web Browser of any PC in the **Central** domain and type the following without pressing enter or clicking **Go**: `http://branchserver.pka`.
- Switch to **Simulation** mode and edit the filters to show only HTTP requests.
- Click **Go** in the browser, a PDU envelope will appear.
- Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **D1** or **D2**. Record the source and destination IP addresses. To what devices do those addresses belong?

- Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **R2**. Record the source and destination IP addresses in the outbound packet. To what devices do those addresses belong?

- Login to R2 using **'class'** to enter privileged EXEC and show the running configuration. The address came from the following address pool:

```
ip nat pool R2Pool 64.100.100.3 64.100.100.31 netmask 255.255.255.224
```

- Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **R4**. Record the source and destination IP addresses in the outbound packet. To what devices do those addresses belong?

- Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **Branchserver.pka**. Record the source and destination TCP port addresses in the outbound segment.
- On both **R2** and **R4**, run the following command and match the IP addresses and ports recorded above to the correct line of output:

```
R2# show ip nat translations
```

```
R4# show ip nat translations
```
- What do the inside local IP addresses have in common? _____
- Did any private addresses cross the Intranet? _____
- Return to **Realtime** mode.

Part 2: Investigate NAT Operation Across the Internet

Step 1: Generate an HTTP request from any computer in the home office.

- Open the Web Browser of any computer in the home office and type the following without pressing enter or clicking **Go**: `http://centralserver.pka`.

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- b. Switch to **Simulation** mode. The filters should already be set to show only HTTP requests.
- c. Click **Go** in the browser, a PDU envelope will appear.
- d. Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **WRS**. Record the inbound source and destination IP addresses and the outbound source and destination addresses. To what devices do those addresses belong?

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- e. Click **Capture / Forward** until the PDU is over **R2**. Record the source and destination IP addresses in the outbound packet. To what devices do those addresses belong?

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- f. On **R2**, run the following command and match the IP addresses and ports recorded above to the correct line of output:

```
R2# show ip nat translations
```

- g. Return to **Realtime** mode. Did all of the web pages appear in the browsers? _____

Part 3: Conduct Further Investigations

- a. Experiment with more packets, both HTTP and HTTPS. There are many questions to consider such as:
 - Do the NAT translation tables grow?
 - Does WRS have a pool of addresses?
 - Is this how the computers in the classroom connect to the Internet?
 - Why does NAT use four columns of addresses and ports?

Suggested Scoring Rubric

Activity Section	Question Location	Possible Points	Earned Points
Part 1: Request a Web Page Across the Intranet	Step 2d	12	
	Step 2e	12	
	Step 2g	13	
	Step 2j	12	
	Step 2k	12	
Part 1 Total		61	
Part 2: Request a Web Page Across the Internet	Step 1d	13	
	Step 1e	13	
	Step 1g	13	
Part 2 Total		39	
Total Score		100	